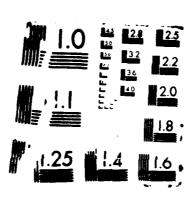
AD-A182 013 INTECRATED INFORMATION SUPPORT SYSTEM (IISS) VOLUME 5 COMMON DATA MODEL S. (U) GENERAL ELECTRIC CO SCHENCTADY MY PRODUCTION RESOURCES CONSU. J L ALINOFF ET AL. 01 NOV 85 PS 620041261 F/G 12/5 1/1 UNCLASSIFIED NL 100 K HALL D



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AFWAL-TR-86-4006 Volume V Part 25



INTEGRATED INFORMATION

SUPPORT SYSTEM (IISS)

Volume V - Common Data Model Subsystem

Part 25 - NDML Precompiler Generate Request Processor

Driver Product Specification

General Electric Company Production Resources Consulting One River Road Schenectady, New York 12345

Final Report for Period 22 September 1980 - 31 July 1985 November 1985

Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

PREPARED FOR:

MATERIALS LABORATORY AIR FORCE WRIGHT AERONAUTICAL LABORATORIES AIR FORCE SYSTEMS COMMAND WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFE, OH 45453-6533

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DAVID L. JUDSON, PROJECT MANAGER

WRIGHT PATTERSON AFB OH 45433

5 Clug DATE

FOR THE COMMANDER:

GERALD C. SHUMAKER, BRANCH CHIEF

AFWAL/MLTC

WRIGHT PATTERSON AFB OH 45433

DATE Aug 86

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11. Title

Integrated Information Support System (IISS)

Vol V - Common Data Model Subsystem

Part 25 - NDML Precompiler Generate Request Processor

Driver Product Specification



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PREFACE

This product specification covers the work performed under Air Force Contract F33615-80-C-5155 (ICAM Project 6201). This contract is sponsored by the Materials Laboratory, Air Force Systems Command, Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio. It was administered under the technical direction of Mr. Gerald C. Shumaker, ICAM Program Manager, Manufacturing Technology Division, through Project Manager, Mr. David Judson. The Prime Contractor was Production Resources Consulting of the General Electric Company, Schenectady, New York, under the direction of Mr. Alan Rubenstein. The General Electric Project Manager was Mr. Myron Hurlbut of Industrial Automation Systems Department, Albany, New York.

Certain work aimed at improving Test Bed Technology has been performed by other contracts with Project 6201 performing integrating functions. This work consisted of enhancements to Test Bed software and establishment and operation of Test Bed hardware and communications for developers and other users. Documentation relating to the Test Bed from all of these contractors and projects have been integrated under Project 6201 for publication and treatment as an integrated set of documents. The particular contributors to each document are noted on the Report Documentation Page (DD1473). A listing and description of the entire project documentation system and how they are related is contained in document FTR620100001, Project Overview.

The subcontractors and their contributing activities were as follows:

TASK 4.2

Subcontractors	Role
Boeing Military Aircraft Company (BMAC)	Reviewer.
D. Appleton Company (DACOM)	Responsible for IDEF support, state-of-the-art literature search.
General Dynamics/ Ft. Worth	Responsible for factory view function and information

models.

Subcontractors

Role

Illinois Institute of Technology

Responsible for factory view function research (IITRI) and information models of small and medium-size business.

North American Rockwell

Reviewer.

Northrop Corporation

Responsible for factory view function and information models.

Pritsker and Associates

Responsible for IDEF2 support.

SofTech

Responsible for IDEFO support.

TASKS 4.3 - 4.9 (TEST BED)

Subcontractors

Role

Boeing Military Aircraft Company (BMAC)

Responsible for consultation on applications of the technology and on IBM computer technology.

Computer Technology Associates (CTA)

Assisted in the areas of communications systems, system design and integration methodology, and design of the Network Transaction Manager.

Control Data Corporation (CDC)

Responsible for the Common Data Model (CDM) implementation and part of the CDM design (shared with DACOM).

D. Appleton Company (DACOM)

Responsible for the overall CDM Subsystem design integration and test plan, as well as part of the design of the CDM (shared with CDC). DACOM also developed the Integration Methodology and did the schema mappings for the Application Subsystems.

Subcontractors	Role
Digital Equipment Corporation (DEC)	Consulting and support of the performance testing and on DEC software and computer systems operation.
McDonnell Douglas Automation Company (McAuto)	Responsible for the support and enhancements to the Network Transaction Manager Subsystem during 1984/1985 period.
On-Line Software International (OSI)	Responsible for programming the Communications Subsystem on the IBM and for consulting on the IBM.
Rath and Strong Systems Products (RSSP) (In 1985 became McCormack & Dodge)	Responsible for assistance in the implementation and use of the MRP II package (PIOS) that they supplied.
SofTech, Inc.	Responsible for the design and implementation of the Network Transaction Manager (NTM) in 1981/1984 period.
Software Performance Engineering (SPE)	Responsible for directing the work on performance evaluation and analysis.
Structural Dynamics Research Corporation (SDRC)	Responsible for the User Interface and Virtual Terminal Interface Subsystems.

Other prime contractors under other projects who have contributed to Test Bed Technology, their contributing activities and responsible projects are as follows:

Contractors	ICAM Project	Contributing Activities
Boeing Military Aircraft Company (BMAC)	1701, 2201, 2202	Enhancements for IBM node use. Technology Transfer to Integrated Sheet Metal Center (ISMC)

Contractors	ICAM Project	Contributing Activities
Control Data Corporation (CDC)	1502, 1701	IISS enhancements to Common Data Model Processor (CDMP).
D. Appleton Company (DACOM)	1502	IISS enhancements to Integration Methodology.
General Electric	1502	Operation of the Test Bed and communications equipment.
Hughes Aircraft Company (HAC)	1701	Test Bed enhancements.
Structural Dynamics Research Corporation (SDRC)	1502, 1701, 1703	IISS enhancements to User Interface/Virtual Terminal Interface (UI/VTI).
Systran	1502	Test Bed enhancements. Operation of Test Bed.

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SECTION 1

SCOPE

1.1 Identification

This specification establishes the design of Function PRE14, "Generate Request Processor Driver", one of the major functions of the Configuration Item "Precompiler" to be built and formally accepted by the ICAM Program Office. This CI constitutes one of the subsystems of the Common Data Model Processor (CDMP).

1.2 Functional Summary

The purpose of this Computer Program Configuration Item (CPCI) is to generate a main program for each Request Processor needed to handle all of the NDML requests found in a user's logical unit of work grouping of user software modules.

The following functions will be performed by this CPCI:

- Sort the table listing all generated Request Processors on database identifier.
- 2. For each database, generate a COBOL Request Processor driver module:
 - a) Use a macro to generate the Identification, Environment and Data Divisions of the program.
 - b) Use a macro to generate the case test and the call syntax in the Procedure Division of the program.
 - c) Use a macro for the error handling and termination of the program.

SECTION 2

DOCUMENTS

2.1 Reference Documents

- 1. ICAM Documentation Standards: IDS15012000A, 28 December 1981.
- D. Appleton Co., <u>CDM Administrators Manual</u>; UM620141000, March 1984.
- 3. D. Appleton Co., CDM1-IDEF Model of the Common Data Model; CCS620141000, 15 May 1985.
- 4. D. Appleton Co., Computer Program Development
 Specification (DS) for ICAM Integrated Support System
 (IISS) Configuration Item: NDML Precompiler;
 DS620141200, October 1984.
- 5. D. Appleton Co., Embedded NDML Programmer's Reference Manual; PRM620141200, March 1985.
- 6. Softech, Inc., NTM Programmers Guide; UM620140001, July 1985.
- 7. Control Data Corp., Computer Program Development
 Specification (DS) for ICAM Integrated Support System
 (IISS) Configuration Item: NDDL Command Processor:
 DS620141100, June 1985.

2.2 Terms and Abbreviations

Attribute Use Class: (AUC)

Conceptual Schema: (CS)

Common Data Model Processor: (CDMP)

Common Data Model: (CDM) Describes common data application process formats, form definitions, etc, of the IISS and includes conceptual schema, external, internal schemas, and schema transformation operators.

Data Field: (DF) An element of data in the external

schema. It is by this name that an NDML programmer references data.

Database Management System: (DBMS)

<u>Distributed Request Supervisor</u>: (DRS) This IISS CDM subsystem configuration item controls the execution of distributed NDML queries and non distributed updates.

<u>Domain</u>: A logical definition of legal attribute class values.

<u>Domain Constraint</u>: Predicate that applies to a single domain.

External Schema: (ES)

Forms: Structured views which may be imposed on windows or other forms. A form is composed of fields where each field is a form, item, or window.

Forms Processor: (FP) A set of callable execution time routines available to an application program for form processing.

Internal Schema: (IS)

Integrated Information Support System: (IISS) A test computing environment used to investigate, demonstrate and test the concepts of information management and information integration in the context of Aerospace Manufacturing. The IISS addresses the problems of integration of data resident on heterogeneous databases supported by heterogeneous computers interconnected via a local Area Network.

Mapping: The correspondence of independent objects in two schemas: ES to CS or CS to IS.

Network Transaction Manager: (NTM) Performs the coordination, communication and housekeeping functions required to integrate the application processes and system services resident on the various hosts into a cohesive system.

Neutral Data Manipulation Language: (NDML) A language developed by the IISS project to provide uniform access to common data, regardless of database manager or distribution criteria. It provides distributed retrieved and single node

updates.

ORACLE: Relational DBMS based on the SQL (Structured Query Language, a product of ORACLE Corp, Menlo Park, CA). The CDM is an ORACLE database.

<u>Parcel</u>: A sequential file containing section source code of the input application program.

Request Processor: (RP) A COBOL program that will satisfy a retrieval or update NDML subtransaction against a particular Database Management System.

<u>User Interface</u>: (UI) Controls the user's terminal and interfaces with the rest of the system.

Virtual Terminal Interface: (VTI) Performs the interfacing between different terminals and the UI. This is done by defining a specific set of terminal features and protocols which must be supported by UI software which constitutes the Virtual Terminal Definition. Specific terminals are then mapped against the Virtual Terminal software by specific software modules written for each type of real terminal supported.

SECTION 3

REQUIREMENTS

3.1 Structural Description

A graphic portrayal of this CPCI is included in Section 3.10. This chart shows the hierarchical relationship of each module making up this CPCI.

This CPCI uses a lower level module to write macros with the proper substitution parameters to the output file representing the generated Request Processor.

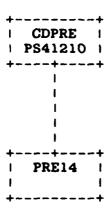
3.2 Functional Flow

This CPCI implements the logic defined in the Development Specification for this CPCI. Details of inputs/outputs and relationships between modules are to be found in Section 3.10.

The CPCI has been designated to operate in a batch or interactive mode. It must operate in the system environment established for IISS; that is, use of the Network Transaction Manager. It must use the ORACLE Database Management System installed on a DEC VAX computer.

3.3 Interface

The following diagram depicts the interface of PRE14 with other CPCI's in the system.



3.3.1 Inputs/Outputs

The following table depicts the inputs and outputs of this CPCI. A detail description for each item can be found in the DS for this CPCI.

Function: PRE14

INPUT

OUTPUT

Code-Generator-Table Module Status Host of the precompiler ORACLE Logon data area

3.4 Program Interrupts

Not applicable to this CPCI.

3.5 Timing and Sequencing Description

This CPCI is called by CPPRE, the precompiler control module, at the end of all precompilation of all user modules submitted to the precompiler. It is assumed that all modules making up a logical unit of work are compiled as a single group.

3.6 Special Control Features

Not applicable to this CPCI.

3.7 Storage Allocation

3.7.1 Database Definition

The database used by this CPCI is the Common Data Model (CDM) database. This model is defined by the CDM1, the IDEF-1 model of the CDM, Reference Number 31.

3.7.1.1 File Description

No permanent files have been defined for this CPCI. It may use temporary scratch files for such things as generated program source code or temporary query results.

3.7.1.2 Table Description

All tables used by this CPCI have been defined by the Development Specification for this CPCI.

3.7.1.3 Item Description

Not applicable to this CPCI.

3.8 Object Code Creation

The object code for this CPCI will be created by the system integration test team by using defined IISS Software Configuration Management procedures. This CPCI will use the COBOL "C" language compilers.

3.9 Adaptation Data

This CPCI has been coded using ANSI COBOL. The intent was to provide a transportable system. Any system environment supporting this language, a virtual memory management scheme, the COMM and NTM subsystems of IISS and the ORACLE Database Management System should be able to support this CPCI. Every possible attempt has been made to localize and identify any machine or environment dependent modules through the original design of the IISS and application of Configuration Management Procedures.

3.10 Detail Design Description

The following sections have been computer generated for this CPCI.

3.10.1 Main Program List

The following is a list of all "Main Programs" which are modules that are not called by any other module being documented here. These modules are either program entry points or, if they are hooked into another set of programs via subroutine calls, they are the points the external programs can call and therefore enter through. To differentiate between the two types of entry points, look at the individual Module Documentation (section 3.10.8) and look at Module Type for each of the Main Program modules listed. Note whether the routine is a Program, Subroutine, or Function. If it is a Program, it is truly a main program entry point. If not, then it is merely called by other programs not being documented here.

GENERATE RP DRIVER Main Program List

Module Name Purpose

CDP14 GENERATE REQUEST PROCESSOR MAIN (DRIVER)
PROGRAM

3.10.2 Module List

The following is a list of all the modules being documented here along with their purpose. Each module has a unique name, no matter what language it was written in.

GENERATE RP DRIVER Module List

Module Name

Purpose

CDP14

GENERATE REQUEST PROCESSOR MAIN (DRIVER)

PROGRAM

3.10.3 External Routines List

The following is a list of all routines or functions not documented here that are called by modules that are documented here. The first caller, in alphabetical order, is listed as well. The specification in which any module is documented may be found in the Module Documentation Index (Document Number CM 620100001). See section 3.10.6 for a list of the modules that call each of these external routines.

GENERATE RP DRIVER External Routines List

Module Name	First User
CDMACR	CDP14
ERRPRO	CDP14
GENFIL	CDP14

3.10.4 Include File List

The following is a list of all include files called in by modules being documented here. Each include file has a unique name regardless of the language being used. The purpose of each include file is listed as well. A more complete description of each include file is given in section 3.10.9. The purpose listed is the one that is in the source code of the include file.

A purpose of "**** PURPOSE NOT FOUND BY STRIPPER **** indicates that a purpose statement was not written into the include file itself. The most common reason for this is that the include file comes from system libraries that were not developed by the project, such as 'C' libraries that are provided with the 'C' compiler.

See section 3.10.6 for a set of lists which show all the modules which call in each of these include files.

GENERATE RP DRIVER Include File List

File Name	Purpose			
CGTABLE	CODE GENERATING TABLE- TRACKS ALL GENERATED SOFTWARE			
ERRPRO	PROCESS ERROR INCLUDE FILE			
MACDAT	WS VARIABLES FOR MACRO COPY UTILITY			
ORCLEDA	WS DEFINITION FOR THE ORACLE LOGIN AREA			
SBSTLST	WS DEFINITION FOR THE SUBSTITUTION LIST TABLE			

3.10.5 Where Include File Used List

The following lists each include file from 3.10.4 and all the modules documented in this specification which include them. The purpose of each module is listed as well.

GENERATE RP DRIVER Where-include-file-used List

Module Name	Module Purpose	
	Name	

CGTABLE

CDP14 GENERATE REQUEST PROCESSOR MAIN (DRIVER)
PROGRAM

ERRPRO
CDP14 GENERATE REQUEST PROCESSOR MAIN (DRIVER)
PROGRAM

MACDAT

CDP14 GENERATE REQUEST PROCESSOR MAIN (DRIVER)
PROGRAM

ORCLEDA
CDP14 GENERATE REQUEST PROCESSOR MAIN (DRIVER)
PROGRAM

SBSTLST
CDP14 GENERATE REQUEST PROCESSOR MAIN (DRIVER)
PROGRAM

3.10.6 Where External Routine Used List

The following lists each external function or routine listed in 3.10.3 and all the documented modules which call it. The purpose of each module is listed as well.

GENERATE RP DRIVER Where-external-routine-used List

System Module	Module Name	Module Purpose				
CDMACR	CDP14	GENERATE PROGRAM	REQUEST	PROCESSOR	MAIN	(DRIVER)
ERRPRO	CDP14	GENERATE PROGRAM	REQUEST	PROCESSOR	MAIN	(DRIVER)
GENFIL	CDP14	GENERATE PROGRAM	REQUEST	PROCESSOR	MAIN	(DRIVER)

3.10.7 Main Program Parts List

The following lists each Main Program listed in 3.10.1 and all the modules which are called either by that module itself or by any of the documented modules which it calls. It is possible for a non-main module to be listed more that once if it is called by multiple modules. The called modules, in this case known as program parts, are marked as to whether they are documented here. If so, the phrase "well-defined module" appears by the module name, if not it is an "external "routine". The Purpose of the Main Program module is listed as well.

GENERATE RP DRIVER Main Program Parts List

Main Pgm Name	Module Name	Module Type 			
CDP14	CDMACR ERRPRO GENFIL	Purpose>GENERATE (DRIVER) External External External	PROGRAM routine routine	PROCESSOR	MAIN

3.10.8 Module Documentation

The following documentation describes information which is specific to each individual module being documented in this specification as listed in section 3.10.2. It provides a compact way of getting information that would be otherwise buried within each module's source code.

The specific items in this module documentation have the following meanings:

NAME:

Name of program Module.

PURPOSE:

Purpose of Module as detailed in the

source code.

LANGUAGE:

Programming language source code is

written in.

The choices are:

VAX-11 FORTRAN

C

(I/S-1 Workbench 'C') VAX-11 COBOL

MODULE TYPE:

Whether a Program, Subroutine, or

Function.

SOURCE FILE:

Name of Source File from file

specification.

SOURCE FILE TYPE:

Source File Extension from file

specification.

HOST:

Whether this is a host-dependent

routine (VAX or IBM) or blank if

host-independent.

SUBSYSTEM:

IISS sub-system this file resides in.

SUBDIRECTORY:

Sub-directory of that subsystem in

which this file resides.

DOCUMENTATION GROUP:

Name of documentation group of which

this source file is a member.

DESCRIPTION:

A description of the module as otained

from the source code.

ARGUMENTS: The arguments with which this routine

is called if it is a Subroutine or a

Function.

INCLUDE FILES: A list of all the files that are

included into this module as well as

their purposes.

ROUTINES CALLED: Subroutines or Functions, either

documented or external, called by

this module, if any.

CALLED DIRECTLY BY: The documented routines which call

this module, if any.

USED IN MAIN PROGRAM(S): The documented Main Programs which

contain this module in their parts list according to the list in section

3.10.7.

The Module Documentation is arranged alphabetically according to Module Name.

GENERATE RP DRIVER Module Documentation

NAME:

CDP14

PURPOSE:

GENERATE REQUEST PROCESSOR MAIN (DRIVER)

PROGRAM

LANGUAGE:

VAX-11 COBOL

MODULE TYPE:

SUBROUTINE

SOURCE FILE:

CDP14

SOURCE FILE TYPE:

. COB

HOST:

SUBSYSTEM:

CDM

SUBDIRECTORY:

DOCUMENTATION GROUP: PS41261

DESCRIPTION:

~ SORT THE CODE GENERATOR TABLE AND FOR EACH DATA BASE GENERATE THE RP DRIVER(MAIN) WITH CALLS TO EACH REQUEST PROCESSOR.

ARGUMENTS:

CODE-GENERATOR-TABLE = RECRD

FILE-HOST = DSPLY [X(3)]

ORACLE-LDA = RECRD

RET-STATUS = DSPLY [X(5)]

INCLUDE FILES: -------

MACDAT - WS VARIABLES FOR MACRO COPY UTILITY

SBSTLST

- WS DEFINITION FOR THE SUBSTITUTION LIST TABLE

CGTABLE

- CODE GENERATING TABLE- TRACKS ALL GENERATED

SOFTWARE

ORCLEDA - WS DEFINITION FOR THE ORACLE LOGIN AREA

ERRPRO

- PROCESS ERROR INCLUDE FILE

ROUTINES CALLED:

GENFIL

CDMACR

ERRPRO

3.10.9 Include File Descriptions

The following list contains a purpose and description of each include file listed in 3.10.4 as specified in the source code. The language it is written in is also given.

GENERATE RP DRIVER Include File Description

FILE NAME: CGTABLE

PURPOSE: CODE GENERATING TABLE- TRACKS ALL GENERATED SOFTWARE LANGUAGE: VAX-11 COBOL

DESCRIPTION: _____

CODE GENERATOR TABLE, HOLDS PERTINENT RESULTS ABOUT ALL CODE GENERATED OR MODIFIED BY THE PRECOMPILER

NOTE: ROW 100 RESERVED FOR SWAPPING DURING SORTING.

GENERATE RP DRIVER Include File Description

FILE NAME: ERRPRO

PURPOSE: PROCESS ERROR INCLUDE FILE LANGUAGE: VAX-11 COBOL

DESCRIPTION:

GENERATE RP DRIVER Include File Description

FILE NAME: MACDAT

PURPOSE: WS VARIABLES FOR MACRO COPY UTILITY

LANGUAGE: VAX-11 COBOL

DESCRIPTION:

GENERATE RP DRIVER Include File Description

FILE NAME: ORCLEDA

PURPOSE: WS DEFINITION FOR THE ORACLE LOGIN AREA

LANGUAGE: VAX-11 COBOL

DESCRIPTION:

THE ORACLE LOGON DATA AREA

GENERATE RP DRIVER Include File Description

FILE NAME: SBSTLST

PURPOSE: WS DEFINITION FOR THE SUBSTITUTION LIST TABLE

LANGUAGE: VAX-11 COBOL

DESCRIPTION:

SUBSTITUTION-LIST REPRESENTS THE INPUT TABLE OF SUBSTITUTION PARAMETERS FOR THE CDMACR MACRO EXPANSION SUBROUTINE

3.10.10 Hierarchy Chart

The following hierarchy charts show the relationships between all of the modules mentioned in the above documentation. A module may call a subroutine several times within its code, but the call will only be shown once as a single relationship on this hierarchy chart. All modules shown at the top of the first page are considered Main Programs as described in section 3.10.1 above.

There is an internal paging scheme as marked by the numbers in the upper right corner of each page. An index after the last page of the chart shows where a routine and its calls are first defined. If a routine has no page reference, it either makes no calls or is an external routine. A continuation box on the end of a tree limb shows where that the tree continues on the page numbered mentioned. A number in a box with a routine name points to the page where the routine is further defined within the hierarchy tree. If there is no number in a box, the routine either makes no calls or is an external routine.

1

+----+
|CDP14|
+--+--+
|
+-----+
|
+-----+
|
|-----+
|CENFIL| |CDMACR| |ERRPRO|
+----+

CDMACR CDP14....1 ERRPRO GENFIL

3.11 Program Listings Comments

This information is contained in the Module Descriptions in section 3.10.

SECTION 4

QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS

4.1 Introduction and Definitions

"Testing" is a systematic process that may be preplanned and explicitly stated. Test techniques and procedures may be defined in advance, and a sequence of test steps may be specified. "Debugging" is the process of isolation and correction of the cause of an error.

"Antibugging" is defined as the philosophy of writing programs in such a way as to make bugs less likely to occur and when they do occur, to make them more noticeable to the programmer and the user. In other words, as much error checking as is practical and possible in each routine should be performed.

4.2 Computer Programming Test and Evaluation

The quality assurance provisions for test consists of the normal testing techniques that are accomplished during the construction process. They consist of design and code walk-throughs, unit testing, and integration testing. These tests are performed by the design team. Structured design, design walk-through and the incorporation of "antibugging" facilitate this testing by exposing and addressing problem areas before they become coded "bugs."

